

# Sedalia Evening Democrat.

NEW SERIES.

SEDALIA, MISSOURI, THURSDAY, OCTOBER 20, 1892.

PRICE, FIVE CENTS.

## FOUND AT LAST.

WARNER DEMOCRAT AT W. J. STONE'S HOME.

The Court Records Showing Some Interesting Litigation Explaining a Political Change of Base.

From the Nevada Democrat.

At last a Warner democrat has been found. He is ex-county school commissioner and ex-county recorder of Vernon county and also ex-mayor of Nevada. He has put himself on record as a Warner democrat and he had formerly put himself on the public records. Both records have gone to the people of Vernon county, but not to the people of Missouri. We propose to give both and democratic papers in Southwest Missouri should do likewise. Because this man King is being quoted by the republicans all over the state. Here is your Warner democrat:

Ex-Mayor A. J. King, of Nevada, in the city to-day on his return on a trip to Wentworth, where he is mining interests. Mr. King is a life long democrat, but is going to vote for Warner and says there are 500 like him in Vernon county, which it must be remembered is the home of the wily Bill Stone.

"There are people in town," said Mr. King, "who say Stone will fall 1,500 votes behind the ticket in Vernon county, but I am disposed to think that is an over estimate. He will, however, be fully 500 votes behind Cleveland. There are those who try to belittle Warner democrats, but if you will go with me to Vernon county I will show you any amount of them. They are there and they are not afraid to say boldly how they propose to vote. You will find them all over Missouri, too."

"If Warner gets the vote in St. Louis I think he will be our next governor. He is the best campaigner that ever set foot on Missouri soil and he deserves to be elected."—Carthage Press.

It is needless to say the Carthage Press is a rank republican paper.

Here is the record, as well as the reason why A. J. King is a Warner democrat:

Special term of county court October 3, '91.

All the judges present.

It having come to the knowledge of the county court that there is good reason to believe that A. J. King, late recorder of Vernon county, Mo., has failed to keep a full, true and faithful account of all fees of every kind received by him while holding the said office of recorder of deeds, as required by section 6450 of the revised statutes of 1889 of the state of Missouri, and that he has failed and neglected to pay into the county treasury of Vernon county the surplus arising from such fees to which the county is entitled, under and by virtue of said section No. 7450 for the years from 1883 to 1890 inclusive. It is therefore considered and ordered that L. L. Scott prosecuting attorney of Vernon county be authorized and empowered to employ such additional counsel as he may deem necessary to assist him in making a proper investigation of the books of the office of the recorder of deeds during the year aforesaid, and the fees of said office received during that period, the said counsel so employed by him to receive such compensation for their services as may hereafter be agreed upon under written contract.

After the above order and at the same meeting the prosecuting attorney is further ordered to institute suit in the proper court to recover any balance found due the county from said A. J. King.

The prosecuting attorney was further ordered that if any balance as found due Vernon county, which had been wrongfully withheld, to present the matter to the

next grand jury and to take such action before said body, as the law requires and authorizes in such cases.

The proceedings are signed by John T. Mays, presiding judge.

Soon after the above meeting a contract was entered into with Stone, Hoss & King to assist prosecuting Attorney Scott in the investigation and recovery of any sum found due the county from ex-Recorder A. J. King.

Col. W. J. Stone, democratic nominee for governor, is the senior member of this prominent law firm, and from the date of the employment of this firm to make King fork over the money he owed the county begins the personal animus and hatred that causes A. J. King to desert his party, the party that did everything for him he asked as long as they thought him honest, but promptly put the screws to him when they had found him out. But let us go on.

Special term county court, first day, January 11, 1892.

All the court present.

Compromise of A. J. King case.

Attorney for the county files report.

In substance the report states that an investigation of the recorder's books was made, beginning with 1890, the last year of service of A. J. King as recorder, making actual inspection of the entire work done in the office. They then proceeded to examine the business for 1889.

For the year 1889 the fees were \$6,516. King reported to the county only \$4,495.95. For 1890 the fees were \$5,549. King only reported \$3,447.05.

From the above statement it is shown that King failed to account for \$2,020.95 in 1889 and for \$2,101.95 in 1890. Suit was brought for these amounts. King claimed that the excess shown by the report was for work for which he had not collected, but the people knew him to be exceedingly close and that he never let a dollar slip, and gave little credit to this claim.

The report closes as follows: Mr. King now stands ready to pay into the county treasury all sums so found to have been earned by him over and above the sum of \$4,000 for each year, less whatever amounts the court may see proper to allow as clerk hire for the various years in which no allowance has heretofore been made.

(Signed) L. L. Scott, Prosecuting Attorney.

STONE, HOSS & KING, Special Counsel.

Having read the foregoing statement I state the same to be correct so far as the same relates to my agreement with the attorneys for the county.

(Signed) A. J. King, January 23, 1892.

The county court after a proper investigation made the following order:

It is hereby ordered that attorneys be authorized to accept \$5,402.00 in full settlement of the claim of the county against A. J. King.

On the 29th day of January, 1892, A. J. King went to the office of the county treasurer and paid in \$2,101 and it is presumed he paid the attorneys the same amount, making a total of \$4,202 paid in. This leaves a balance of \$1,200 yet due the county. He did not pay that in, claiming he was entitled to clerk hire for two years. The amount still remains due the county, and King's bondsmen will be held for it unless he puts up the money.

In the meantime the prosecuting attorney, acting under the instructions of the court, had brought the matter to the attention of the grand jury and that body promptly indicted Mr. King and he stands under indictment to-day. His case was continued at the last term, but his trial will come up at the November term of the Vernon county circuit court.

Will Arrive Friday.

Mrs. Dr. Hale has received a letter from Dr. Anna Shaw saying she will arrive here Friday afternoon at 3:30 p. m. and will speak at the M. E. church in the evening.

Miss Frances Willard says, "Anna Shaw is one of the ablest speakers on the platform to-day, either among men or women. Her well trained mind, quenchless enthusiasm, and that rarest of all qualities, pluck. Her lecture entitled 'The Fate of Republics,' is one of the finest I have ever heard, both in matter and delivery."

Voodfin and Thatcher, Real Estate, Insurance and Loans, 314 OHIO ST. SEDALIA, MISSOURI.

DONNELLY-MYERS.

The Brilliant Wedding in Catholic Society Circles—The Guests Banqueted.

As was announced in the DEMOCRAT several days ago the marriage of Mr. W. E. Donnelly, the well known Missouri Pacific passenger engineer, and Miss Marie Myers took place at St. Vincent de Paul's church last night. The interior of the edifice looked like a rose garden, being covered with beautiful flowers that shed their fragrance throughout the church.

The ushers, Messrs. M. Finnegan, E. Donnelly, E. J. Hough and M. T. Slane, and the maid and the gentleman of honor, Miss Marguerite Myers and Mr. M. Cadle, preceded the bridal couple to the altar. Miss Dolly O'Connor playing the inspiring wedding march from Tannhauser as the party entered the church and marched down the aisle.

When then the bride and groom had knelt at the altar, a beautiful bridal chorus was sung by a special choir composed of Misses Dollie O'Connor, Julia Sullivan, Kitty Allen, Laura O'Connor and J. D. McCarty.

Rev. Father Murphy, with all the elegance and impressiveness which characterizes the Catholic church, pronounced the ceremony in both English and Latin, and Mr. W. E. Donnelly and Miss Marie Myers became man and wife.

The bride wore a gown of cream white crepe du chine, made with long full train, the bodice pointed at the back, cut square at the neck in front and filled with duchesse lace; the demi-sleeves were richly trimmed with the lace; and with the gown was worn a long tulle veil held to the hair by bride's roses.

The gloves were white mousquetaires, the slippers of white kid and the bouquet of bride's roses loosely tied with cream white ribbon.

The maid of honor wore pale blue silk crepon, lavishly and beautifully trimmed with pale pink chiffon, neck cut V, back and front, and filled with the chiffon; pale pink kid gloves, pale blue fan and gilt slippers, with a pale pink bow of ribbon ornamenting the toe. The groom, gentleman of honor and ushers all wore evening suits of black, with boutonnieres of Marchal Niel rosebuds.

The newly married couple and the guests were then driven to the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Myers, No. 710 East Third street, where a most elegant wedding supper was served to over 200 friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Donnelly left on the midnight train for St. Louis and Chicago and expect to be absent about two weeks, after which they will commence housekeeping in Sedalia. The DEMOCRAT trusts that this young couple, just starting in life, will ever see before them the same happy days and dream the same bright dreams that now attend them.

BANKS CLOSED TO-MORROW.

Citizens' National Bank.

To-morrow being a national holiday the Citizens' National bank will be closed until Saturday.

ADAM LITTLE, Cashier.

The Missouri Trust Company.

To-morrow being a national holiday, the Missouri Trust Company will have its office closed until Saturday morning.

G. L. FAULHABER, Treas.

First National Bank.

To-morrow being a legal holiday the First National bank will be closed.

F. H. GUENTHER, Ass't. Cashier.

Worked Sedalia.

Jessie W. Majors, the young Windsorite, who has made such an unenviable record swindling Kansas City merchants by bogus checks drawn upon the Citizens' bank, of Windsor, has been committed to jail in Kansas City in default of \$3,000 bail.

Majors turned a few tricks in Sedalia during the past several months, one of the victims being a prominent business man.

Offices Remain Open.

Notwithstanding the fact that to-morrow is a legal holiday, a paper circulated in the court house by which all agreed to close their offices, failed to get dut three signers Sam Ross "chewed the rag" awhile and declared that he will make a speech waking up patriotism for Columbus among his brother officers.

Masonic.

GRANITE LODGE NO. 272 A. F. & A. M. meets in regular communication to-morrow (Friday) evening at 7:30 sharp. Visiting brethren and fraternal invited. By office of R. C. Woods W. M. M. L. JACOBS, Secretary.

## Amusements: WOOD'S OPERA HOUSE.

### TO-NIGHT.

The Little Sunbeam MARIE HEATH

And her company of jolly players in that delightful musical comedy, "Cleanest Comedy on the road."

A Turkish Bath. FRANK MURPHY, the original "McGoogle," Henry Vogie, comedian and baritone from "All Banned," Miss Josephine Stanley in the sensational Serpentine Dance.

### AN ELOQUENT SPEAKER.

Col. John Sobieski, the Prohibition Candidate for Governor, Speaks at the Court House.

Sobieski, the prohibition candidate for governor, addressed a large and intelligent audience in the criminal court room last night.

Col. Sobieski is a Poland of illustrious lineage and an interesting personality. He is a pleasing speaker and was followed with interest by his audience.

The meeting was called to order by E. E. McClellan, chairman of the local committee. Rev. Joseph King Tuttle opened the meeting with prayer, after which Col. Sobieski was introduced and proceeded to expound the merits of his party. Because of its real merit, he held that the prohibition party would in the near future assume its rightful place as the leading party and hoped to see that day speedily arrive.

After the speaking many ladies and gentlemen were introduced to Col. Sobieski.

The Voting Contest.

The voting contest for the handsome gold headed cane to be given to either Hon. W. J. Stone or Major Warner was the feature of interest at the Catholic fair last night.

The vote closed at Stone, 358½; Warner, 368.

of Sedalia a banquet at Kaiser's. A jolly party has been invited, and the evening is looked forward to with special pleasure. The menu is the best that Kaiser's could produce which is a guarantee that it is good.

Columbus Day Celebration.

A grand concert and ball will be held at Harmonie hall to-morrow evening, October 21. The programme, will consist of an overture, an address by John Cashman, appropriate to the occasion, and a variety of music, both vocal and instrumental, comic and sentimental; also an athletic exhibition by the Harmonie Turn Verein. The whole will be concluded by a grand ball, with Professor Spurway as master of ceremonies. Admission 50 cents ladies free.

THE COMMITTEE.

Hasa Booming Girl.

Milo Savage, living on east twelfth street, is happy to-day over the arrival of a big girl at his home last night.

Police Court.

Clark Vaughn, was in court this morning for getting a "jag" and was fined \$10 and sent below.

Grand concert and ball at Harmonie hall to-morrow evening.

## BUY THE BEST

School Shoes School Shoes

—AT—

Wm. Courtney's.

Warner, 368. It will be completed to-night, the articles raffled off were bedroom suite, donated by Keck & Dickman, won by Miss Ella Meyers, of Jefferson City; fur rug, donated by John Walmsley, won by E. J. Clegg; bridle and laprobe, donated by Hobrecht & Hahn, won by Con Quinn; parlor chair, donated by Farnham & Collins, won by Mrs. B. Quinn; angel food cake, donated by Mrs. Sicher, won by F. McGinley, silk table cover; donated by Chris Hye, won by Mrs. Henry Schaffer; pair lace curtains, donated by the Grand Central, won by Mr. Montker.

A German Evening.

The ladies of the German Evangelical church gave a supper and entertainment last evening at Nos. 517 and 519 Ohio street. The rooms were crowded throughout the evening and everybody enjoyed themselves. A most pleasing feature of the musical programme was the singing of Miss Bertha Dickman, and Miss Nannie David accompanied her on the piano. The fair is continued to-night and a cordial invitation is extended to all.

Married Last Night.

A happy marriage was consummated last evening between Mr. Will J. Crawford, of Galesville, and Miss Alice Smith, at the home of the bride's mother in this city. Rev. Rose, of the Baptist church, performed the ceremony after which the young couple left for their home at Galesville when a most elegant supper was served to them and their friends.

Ladies' Massage and "Vivac" treatment. Mrs. George, 223 East Fourth street.

Patronize the liquor house at 112 Osage street, Frank Krueger.

Rev. Dr. Anna Shaw AT THE First M. E. Church Friday Eve., Oct 21, Subject:—"Fate of Republics."

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## Auction Sale!

All the Real Estate belonging to the Home Building and Loan Association will be sold at Public Auction without reserve at the Court House door on

MONDAY, October 24, at 2 p. m.

Full particulars as to terms, lists of property etc., will be furnished by the

Porter Real Estate Co.

404 Ohio Street.

THE ENTIRE STOCK OF

FURNITURE!

—AT—

COLLINS & FARNHAM'S

Is to be Closed Out, CHEAP

FOR CASH!

WE have a full stock of Furniture all first-class, and it goes for no reason only the want of money. This is an Opportunity of a Lifetime! Don't Miss It! We mean business, for in the future we intend to make the Undertaking Department Our Specialty! Don't miss the place, 116 and 118 W. Second st. Ramsey's old stand. Telephone 123.

COLLINS & FARNHAM.

Nancy . Special Sale

. Hanks This week in Baby

WILL trot here Oct. 27 to Carriages and Dinner

beat her record of 2:04. 1895

PHOTOGRAPH for sale of Nancy Hanks and

Martha Wilkes at

F. H. EASTEY, 317 Ohio St.

208 OHIO STREET, SEDALIA, MISSOURI.

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Work done promptly. We challenge comparison We repair all work.

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Boarding and Livery Stable,

AT Gilman's old stand, COR. THIRD and OSAGE

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JAMES GLASS.

—WHOLESALE—

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SEDALIA,.....MISSOURI.

Charles Kobrock,

Faust Restaurant and Oyster House.

Imported Wines, Liquors and Cigars Special brand of Imperial Beer.

114 Osage St., Sedalia, Mo.

FINEST---

Old Taylor Whiskey

---In the City

AT-- BOUTELLE'S.

A Good Bargain.

A seven room house situated on the electric railway and on a corner lot can be gotten cheap if sold at once. Address or see "L" this office.



## Sedalia Democrat

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## MY CHOICE IS



The EVENING DEMOCRAT.

"I would earnestly advise them for their good to order this paper to be punctually served up and to be looked upon as a part of the tea equipage."—ADDISON.

**SPECIAL NOTICE.**—Patrons of the EVENING DEMOCRAT will confer a favor upon the management by promptly reporting any irregularity in delivery or bad condition of paper from improper handling.

Official Paper of the City of Sedalia.

## CIRCULATION.

There are more Sedalia people regular readers of the EVENING DEMOCRAT than any other paper.

WARNER'S vote in Missouri will be smaller than Harrison's.

ONLY nineteen days until the Gazette begins to explain why Warner was not elected.

THERE are a few anti-Warner republicans right here in Sedalia. They are not doing much talking but their votes will count just the same.

The local republican ticket is doomed to defeat from the start. It has a Kirk at one end, the Dunt at the other and a Payne in the middle.

HAD Warner "stood up for Missouri" in the past his present effort would be neither so wearying nor so profitless.

EVEN the local republican nominees will have to watch to keep the Warner managers from swapping them off. In Kansas City they say republican nominees have frequently felt Warner's knife.

WITH nothing at all to urge in favor of their own candidate, the republican managers are driven to resort to the silly story that Hon. Robert Prigmore lives in Saline county. Of course the men who circulate the falsehood know it is false, but they do it to deceive the voters. They virtually admit that the only qualification the republican candidate for representative possesses is that he lives in Pettis county.

JUDGE R. E. FERGUSON is making a clean, manly canvass of his district, and is growing more popular with the voters of Pettis county every day. He is modest and unassuming in his manners, but a man of strong convictions when acting on the line of duty. He is always ready to listen to his constituents and is courteous and treats all alike, and one and all say he has served the county faithfully. It would be well for the voters to see to it that Judge Ferguson is re-elected for another term.

THE hoodlum who threw a rock through the car window at Gov.

McKinley the other day in West Virginia committed a despicable crime which will be denounced by every good citizen. The crime, however, was not one whit meaner than that of a newspaper which attempts to connect the people of a whole section of the country with the cowardly act. The individual hoodlum who throws rocks at gentlemen traveling through the country and the hoodlum newspaper which slanders a whole people, both deserve a close acquaintance with the whipping post.

## A NEW ROAD LAW.

When the legislature assembles next January one of the first important questions to demand attention will be the formulation of a law to improve the public highways of the state. This question has been fully discussed during the summer and has received a good share of attention since the campaign opened. All parties agree, says the Jefferson City Tribune, that some method must be adopted which will result in permanent improvement. The most important feature connected with all suggestions is the money. Radical changes must be made in the road law and additional revenue must be secured. The present levy of 10 cents on the \$100 is barely sufficient to keep the old roads passable, to say nothing of improvements.

It is plain to all that the first thing to be provided is an increased levy for road purposes, and this can only be accomplished by an amendment to the constitution. There are other ways, it is true, by which an indebtedness may be incurred, but this will never be made general and has only been adopted by very few counties in the state.

It will be discovered, after the legislature has had the matter under advisement a few weeks, that it is much easier to talk about the advantages of good roads than to devise means for securing the same, however desirous the legislature may be to do so. Judging from past experiences, it would probably be better for the two houses to appoint a joint committee to consider this matter and endeavor to formulate a law that will meet the requirements of the public. There will be a multiplicity of ideas and probably some novel suggestions, because the people have been doing considerable thinking since the last assembly adjourned. One plan certain to be suggested will be the employment of convict labor. This will meet with opposition, as doubtless will every bill offered, but the lawmakers should bear in mind that it is their duty to improve the present miserable road system.

Money expended in making good roads is always a paying investment. The man who comes to the legislature with the determination that he will have his views adopted or none at all can best serve the public by remaining at home. This is a question that covers too much ground for one man to do all the talking and to make all the suggestions required.

JOHN I. DAVENPORT, of force bill notoriety, a republican federal chief supervisor of elections, refuses to obey the subpoena of a congressional committee appointed to investigate him and his methods, says the Detroit Free Press. His impudence, considered in connection with the man, is not surprising. He can make more money and better look after the corrupt end of party interests, by withholding all damaging revelations until after election. He is an evil genius in politics and if there be any power vested in that congressional committee by virtue of which it can summarily yank him into its presence, the yanking should be done without delay. He is foremost among those who seek to steal for the republican party what it can never again secure with popular approval.

THE states of Illinois, Iowa, Kansas and Nebraska have all tried republican rule and grown weary of the misfortunes it brought them. Why should sensible, intelligent, progressive Missourians adopt a policy which experience has shown to be a failure all around them?

JUDGE SHEFFIELD, late of Jackson county, is now living in Springfield, Mo., advanced in years, and

far from wealthy. If Major Warner wants to demonstrate the sincerity of his ceaseless talk, says the Kansas City Mail, let him return to Judge Sheffield the salary he wrongfully drew while usurping an office to which Sheffield was elected.

No democrat in Missouri is making a more manly, eloquent and effective campaign for the party in this state than Hon. Dick Dalton. This gentleman will address the voters of Pettis county in this city on the night of the 29th. Let us give him the reception his eminent services deserve. Let us give him an audience in keeping with his eloquence and zeal in behalf of good government. He is not a candidate but a private citizen zealous in support of those principles whose success will bring the greatest degree of prosperity to the whole people. Let every neighborhood in Pettis county turn out to hear him and let us make it the largest local gathering of the campaign.

The republican newspapers of Missouri generally devote about six months to telling about what tremendous majorities their party is going to receive in the state, and then for eighteen months they attempt to explain the cause of their defeat.

OUR republican friends have worked themselves up to the point of forgetting the returns from the last election. This state of mind, however cheering it may be for the moment, dooms them to distressing disappointment in the near future.

An exchange says "honest citizens will need all the votes they can get on election day." Yes, and a good many honest, but misguided, citizens who are candidates will need more than they can get.

COFFEYVILLE wants a detail of soldiers to keep the Dalton gang away. The gang will not bother Coffeyville as long as that dead-shot liveryman remains in town.

A bust of Cleveland is being made by a sculptor. The bust of Harrison is being made by the voters of the country and will be completed by November 8th.

The federal government has no right to tax one man for the benefit of another. Taxation for the legitimate expenses of government is the only just tax.

## AMUSEMENTS.

**A Turkish Bath Company.**

No comedy so breezy and brilliant as has been seen in Sedalia this season as that was presented by the "Turkish Bath" company at Wood's opera house last night. The character of the



announcement had aroused more than usual interest, and it is safe to say that the most sanguine anticipations were realized. The thread of the comedy is neatly strung with dainty specialties in vocalization, dancing and impersonations, and with just enough plot to serve the purposes of the piece.

Marie Heath, as bright as a sunbeam, is the star of the company, and one whose lustre increases with the progress of the play. She is a sunbeam, a jewel, a "rosebud," whatever you like best, and may now be pronounced a prime favorite in the Queen City.

Without making further individual distinction, it is enough to declare the performance is as clean, spirited and sparkling as any skit that has been put on the road in recent years.—Sedalia Democrat, Saturday evening, January 30, 1892.

The above is copied from our columns, and the same little star with an entire new company will be at Wood's opera house, to-night.

## The Best is No Better

And the cheapest no cheaper than the coal sold by H. B. Weiman at 1010 East Third street. Telephone No. 125.

Grand concert and ball at Harmonie hall to-morrow evening.

Ripans Tabules have come to suit.

## Shirts to Order.

We make shirts to order. Have been for thirteen years past and have given satisfaction. Prices are right. Your order solicited.

JOHN WALMSLEY & CO.

Liquor for family use, 112 Osage, Frank Krueger.

## SOME VALUABLE STATISTICS.

Although They Have to Do With Crime, They Are of Interest to All.

Every reader knows what absurd conclusions as to the social and moral condition of a country are often drawn from imperfect statistics, but Dr. William Duffield Robinson, physician for ten years to the Eastern penitentiary of Pennsylvania, has figured some facts down to a fine point. He declares that the sentences to the penitentiary may be taken as fairly representative of the total amount of crime prevailing in the entire district from which it receives prisoners, and that the extent of territory and period of time covered by the calculation make the deductions a fair index of the criminal phenomena of the whole country.

He argues that reformation is practicable from the fact that one-third of the criminals are between twenty and twenty-five years of age. He finds that men of sixty are about eight times as trustworthy as men of twenty-five, or, to put it in another way, of eight men who are criminals at twenty-five seven will be law-abiding citizens at sixty. A terror of the law has brought about the reformation in most cases, he thinks.

It is true that an overwhelming majority of criminals are young, but does it follow that most of them reform as they grow older? Is it not likely that they die twice as fast as other men? His division of crimes as to the age when they are most common is very interesting. He concludes that personal assaults, including assault and battery in all forms, mayhem, poisoning and sensual crimes, are steadily on the increase, and forgery and counterfeiting on the decline.

## HAD A JOKE ON THE LAWYER.

How Cardinal Gibbons Was in Contempt Without the Court Seeing It.

When Cardinal Gibbons was bishop of Richmond, Va., he happened to be the defendant in relation to some church property. When called to the witness stand the plaintiff's lawyer, a distinguished legal luminary, after vain endeavors to involve the witness in contradictions, struck upon a plan which he thought would annoy the bishop. He thereupon questioned the right of Dr. Gibbons to the title of bishop of Richmond, and called on him to prove his claim to the office. The defendant's counsel, of course, objected to this as irrelevant; but the bishop, with a quiet smile, said he would comply with the request if allowed half an hour to produce the necessary papers. This being allowed, the bishop left the courtroom and returned in twenty minutes with a document which he proceeded to read with great solemnity, all the more solemn as the paper was in Latin. The plaintiff's lawyer pretended to take notes, industriously bowing his head once in awhile as if in acquiescence, and seeming perfectly convinced at the end.

When the reading was finished he announced that the papal bulls just read were perfectly satisfactory, at the same time apologizing for his expressed doubts. The next day, says the Halifax (N. S.) Mail, it leaked out that the bishop, unable to find the papal bull at his residence, had brought to the court and read a Latin essay on "Pope Leo the Great," written by an ecclesiastical student and forwarded by the president of the college as a specimen of the young man's skill in Latin composition. The smart lawyer never heard the last of it.

## Beautiful Italian Women.

"The prettiest women in the world are those of northern Italy," said a St. Louisian, who has just completed a trip around the world. "Pretty is not exactly the word to be used in describing them. A wax doll may be pretty. The women of northern Italy are gloriously, maddeningly beautiful. They are a mixture of the French gentry and the old Italian nobility, and inherit the vivacity of one country and the voluptuous, half oriental beauty of the other. If you want to understand what the poet meant by the 'dark eyes' splendor, go not to the Vale of Cashmere, not to Cadix, but to Milan. Greece in her palmiest days could not produce such perfect figures, nor Spain such coquettish. Add to unrivaled beauty of face and figure the sweet cadences of the Italian tongue, and I defy any youngster to get away from Milan without regret. Some one has said that Italian is the mother tongue of the Goddess of Love, certainly there is nothing sweeter—it is melody itself."

## Religions of the Presidents.

Washington was an Episcopalian, Adams preferred Unitarianism, Jefferson was a skeptic, Madison's people were Presbyterians, Monroe favored the Episcopal church, John Q. Adams was a Unitarian, Jackson a Presbyterian, Van Buren an Episcopalian, Harrison attended the Methodist church, Tyler the Episcopalian, Polk became a Methodist after his term expired, Taylor was an Episcopalian, Fillmore a Unitarian, Pierce a Congregationalist, Buchanan was a Presbyterian, Grant a Methodist, Garfield a Christian, or Campbellite, Hayes was a Methodist, Arthur an Episcopalian, Benjamin Harrison a Presbyterian. These statements refer to the attendance and preferences only of the presidents. During their terms of office but three were church members in the full sense of the word—Washington, Garfield and Harrison.

## Harmless Swearing.

One of those rather shocking stories which one hears occasionally regarding Admiral Goldsborough, represents him as inquiring of the chaplain how his labors with the sailors prospered, to which the reply was that satisfactory progress was being made, except that the men could not be induced to abandon swearing so long as their officers set them a bad example. A contributor to Kate Field's Washington, in narrating the incident makes the admiral rejoin: "Tut, tut, man, that is not to be helped; the officers all swear; I do myself sometimes, but I don't mean anything—not a bit more than you do by your praying."

## WHERE PARROTS COME FROM.

What They Cost, Where They Are Caught and How They Are Trained.

On a Sixth avenue elevated train the other evening was a short, thin man, tanned evidently by exposure in the tropics, says the New York Tribune. He carried, covered over with a plaid gingham apron, a curious old-fashioned cage in which there was a fine young green parrot. "This parrot," he said, "is a young bird, and, as you see, well trained. There are two ways of getting these birds, by trapping and by catching the young birds in the nest. A trapped bird is wild and it takes two years to train it, for it bites and fights like a 'soger.' This young one was trained in twelve months. Every six weeks I go to Venezuela on a sailing vessel and try to bring back fifty parrots with me. The Indians catch them up the Orinoco river and whenever a vessel comes into port there is a lively scramble on the part of the natives who have parrots or anything else to dispose of. The training of parrots is a regular business for many of the natives in the seaport towns of Venezuela, and whenever I have touched at the ports of Brazil or Colombia I found it much the same, except that Brazilian parrots are harder to get along the coast. Indians do nearly all of the trapping, far up in the interior.

"This parrot is for a friend of mine on Forty-ninth street, to whom I have promised one for two years, but never could pick up a really fine one. When I am in port I have so little time I have to take such birds as are offered. If I were going to sell this one I should ask \$10, although my regular price for a young bird is \$5. This is what the bird fanciers pay me for them, and they cost me \$4; that is what I paid for this one six weeks ago at Laguayra. He speaks Spanish, of course, and swears like a trooper in a dialect of Indian and Spanish; his last owners in the city of Laguayra have taught him all the latest slang they knew.

"Yes," he continued, "I am all I make on one of these parrots, while on a trapped bird there is only \$50 or \$250 and sell them at 50 cents advance. They get awful seasick on even an ordinary voyage and require as much attention as a sick baby, and many of them get so lonesome when they are shut up alone in the hold that they die of a broken heart, it seems to me.

"Oh, how 'easy they die,' reflectively sighed the man. "On one trip I was bringing up seventy fine parrots and when we were only three days out they began to take sick and die. The ship's doctor said it was a kind of infectious pneumonia. At any rate they all died but two. That was a bad voyage for me."

## ROBBERS IN HOTELS.

Some Reasons Why Guests Are Compelled to Pay High Prices.

Leading American hotels carry upon their annual expense account from one thousand to fifteen hundred dollars chargeable to paper, envelopes, matches and toilet articles supplied to guests and strangers. Strangers use more of them than the guests. A square box, in which are kept a dozen necessary things—such as cards, matches, envelopes and toothpicks—stands on the counters of most hotels. This box has to be constantly replenished. The proprietor of a large city hotel furnishes some interesting information regarding the way in which his hotel is systematically robbed by guests and strangers. Five hundred envelopes and one thousand sheets of paper are required daily. Strangers appear at the desk, and with the utmost coolness ask for writing materials, which are usually furnished if the person is respectable in appearance. It is a common thing to see strangers enter a hotel writing-room and fill their fountain pens from the ink bottles. Blotting-paper given away costs ten dollars a month. Every visitor to the hotel believes himself entitled to toothpicks and matches. He takes a handful of the former and fills his pocket matchbox with the latter. It costs fifteen dollars a month to supply these trifling articles. Pens and penholders and ink bottles disappear at the rate of a dozen a day. Everyone seems to consider that hotels and their belongings are their property, and that the proprietors have no rights worth considering. Women who are models of thrift and neatness in their own homes are constantly careless here. I have seen a mother stand her children upon fifty-dollar chairs to look out of the windows, and laugh at them when they jump up and down on two hundred-dollar sofas. Furniture upholstered in the most delicate colors and textures will be used in the most reckless manner. A woman will slam her street shoes or damp umbrella on it; put empty plates on it when meals are served in her rooms; or throw oranges or bananas on it when she comes from the dining-room—it is all the same. Did you ever notice what a distinctly weary appearance hotel furniture soon assumes? These are some of the reasons why hotel bills come high.

## Dividing a Deer with an Indian.

Maj. Champion, in his book: "On the Frontier," describes a deer hunt, in the course of which he found his dog astride the dead body of the deer, while an Indian dead a little way off, bow and arrow in hand. By sign he made the white man understand that he had wounded the deer, and the dog pulled it down. Then he cut up in the skin, and placed it on one side. The other half he laid at Maj. Champion's feet, delivering himself of a speech in the Ute language. The white man understood his meaning, but not a word of his address. The Indian and the dog had killed the deer together, and the dog's owner was entitled to half the game. The major was equal to the emergency. He rose and delivered in full the classical declamation: "My name is Norval," with appropriate gestures, just as he had many times given it at school. Nothing could have been better. The Indian and the white man shook hands with effusion, and each with his share of the venison rode away.

## GROVE'S Cathartic Sugar

(TASTELESS.)

As Pleasant to the Taste as Lemon Sugar.

A POSITIVE CURE FOR Constipation and Biliousness.

Does not Grip or Produce Sick Stomach.

A 25c package contains more doses than any 50c Cathartic Syrup on the Market.

25 DOSES FOR 25 CENTS

Manufactured by

PARIS MEDICINE COMPANY

ST. LOUIS, MO.

For sale by OVERSTREET & WILLIAMS.

## GET THE BEST.

Progressive Endowment Guild of America. \$500 to \$5,000 in ten years or previous in case of death. \$2.50 to \$25 per week sick benefits. Beneficial! Reliable! Business like! The most desirable insurance to be had. J. W. Truxel, agent for Central Missouri.

114 East Fifth Street.

## Fine, Juicy Oysters.

Fresh oysters, the first of the season, served in all styles at Siche's cafe. Also for sale by the can.

## In Our Carpet Department

We are showing better values than usual in all lines. Carpets, Matings, Oilcloths, Linoleums, Portieres, Lace Curtains and other Draperies. Full line of Rugs and House Furnishings.

John : Walmsley : & : Co.  
223 Ohio Street.

**Midland Savings Loan Company.**  
Without delay, with small expenses and no commissions, to be repaid in installments.  
SEDALIA, MISSOURI.

Capital \$1,000,000. Shares \$100 Each.

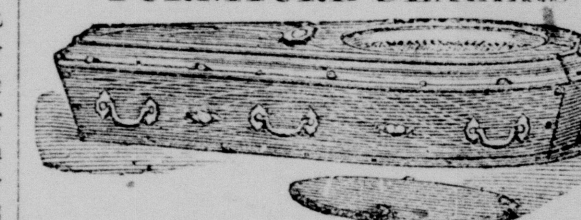
## OFFICERS AND DIRECTORS.

John N. Dalby, President; H. C. Denueth, Vice President; J. E. Ritchey, Secretary; Third National Bank, Treasurer; W. S. Shirk, General Manager; E. C. Mason, Superintendent Agencies; J. H. Rothwell, John B. Crawford, Jas. Glass and J. W. Zimmerman.

Four classes of stock issued each month. Installment, partial pre-paid, pre-paid dividend and full paid eight per cent. coupon stock.  
Money to Loan at 5 and 6 per cent. on farm or city property.  
Office 114 East Second St. MISSOURI.

## McLAUGHLIN--BRO'S.

FURNITURE DEALERS AND FUNERAL DIRECTORS.



Telegraph orders promptly attended to, day or night. Prompt, careful service.

--ARTERIAL EMBALMING--  
A specialty. Night clerk at store.

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W. T. HUTCHINSON, President. JOHN D. CRAWFORD, Vice-President.  
W. H. POWELL, Jr., Cashier.

## Citizens' National Bank,

SEDALIA, MISSOURI. (Established 1872.)

Cash Capital, paid in, \$100,000.00.  
Surplus fund, \$55,000.00.

A general banking business transacted. Collections receive prompt attention. Liberal accommodations to depositors.

Directors: W. H. Powell, John J. Vetter, J. D. Crawford, S. H. Beiler, W. T. Hutchinson, E. B. Meyer, N. N. Parberry, L. W. Pridue, Wm. H. Powell, Jr.

## THIRD NATIONAL BANK

SEDALIA, MISSOURI.

JOHN N. DALBY, Pres't. R. H. MOSES, Cashier.  
J. P. MOSEY, Vice Pres't. W. H. VAN WAGNER, Asst.

Capital, \$100,000. Surplus and Undivided Profits, \$30,000.

THIS BANK DOES A GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS AND SOLICITS THE ACCOUNTS OF corporations, firms and individuals. Directors—James Glass, Morris Harter, John N. Dalby, J. H. Beiler, Benjamin Ketchum, R. H. Moses, N. H. Gentry, C. E. Messers, Henry A. Menden, A. P. Berry, Charles W. McCann, E. E. Hoffman, Judge William Becker, D. W. McClure and Samuel C. Gold.

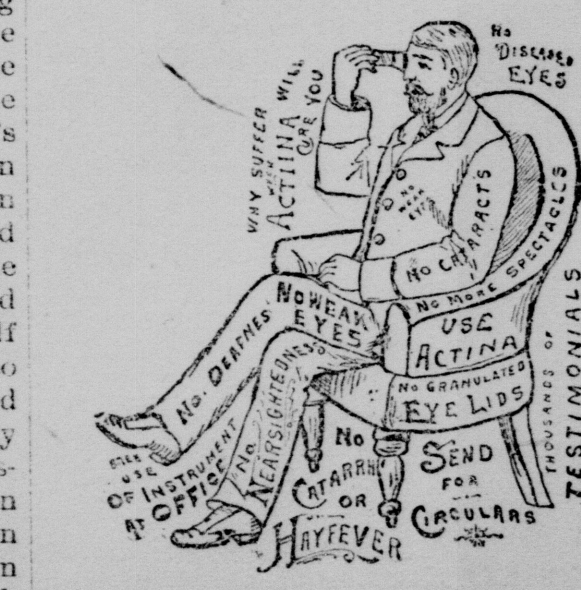
## MISSOURI--TRUST--COMPANY

Capital, Paid in, \$200,000. Surplus, 35,000.

DEALER in investment securities. Loans money on real estate. Safe deposit boxes for rent. Custodian of wills and other valuable papers. "MICKEL & LINGSTAM" 32 & 34 E. 2nd St. Stamps can be found at the following places: August T. Fleischnann, Chas. H. H. Ramsey, C. E. Bickhoff, Charles S. Dwyer, Overstreet and Williams, C. S. Boatright, Orlis Smith, Wm. H. Ramsey.

Directors: O. A. Grandall, Pres't; E. A. Sampson, Vice Pres't; G. L. Faulhaber, Treas'r; E. E. Hoffman, Sec'y; Henry Lamm, Chris Hye, R. H. Moses, J. W. Murphy, W. T. Hutchinson.

Cor. Fourth & Ohio Sts. --- SEDALIA, MISSOURI.



The above cut represents our method of curing all diseases of the eye, ear, head or throat with the "Actina" Battery.

PROF. A. J. MAURY agent for the Prof. W. C. Wilson magneto-conservative magnets and "Actina" can be found at his office at No. 108 East Sixth street. All parties suffering from any disease will do well to call on him as he treats all kinds of diseases either sex.



PORTLAND, OREGON.  
FOR SALE BY  
OVERSTREET, THE DRUGGIST

Terrell, who has been sentenced to the penitentiary for life.

M. Stambouloff, the Bulgarian premier.

Edwin Booth, the actor, staying at Lakewood, N. J., is reported better.

were greatly alarmed, but no damage was done.

the speaking will be opened by Mr. Cleveland.

the president and T. B. Honecomr  
Italia, second vice president.



\$50,000. - - \$50,000.

## People's Bank

194 Ohio St. Paid Up Cap'l \$50,000  
Surplus 2,500  
SEDALIA. Undivided Profits 1,000

The only bank in Sedalia with a Savings Department. Interest paid on all savings deposits.

Transacts a general banking business. Your account solicited.

Bank open Saturdays and Railroad pay-day evenings from 6:30 to 8 p. m.

W. L. PORTER, J. C. VAN RIPER,  
President. Cashier.

### DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

President—GROVER CLEVELAND.  
Vice-President—A. E. STEVENSON.  
Governor—W. J. STONE.  
Lieutenant Governor—J. B. O'MEARA.  
Secretary of State—A. LESUER.  
Auditor—J. M. SEIBERT.  
Treasurer—LON V. STEPHENS.  
Attorney General—R. F. WALKER.  
Railroad Commissioner—JAMES COWGILL.

Judges of the Supreme Court—THOS. A. SHERWOOD, GEO. B. MACFARLANE, GAVON D. BURGESS.  
Congressman—JOHN T. HEARD.  
Circuit Judge—RICHARD FIELD.  
Criminal Judge—JOHN E. RYLAND.  
State Senator—CHARLES E. YEATER.  
Representative—R. W. PRIGMORE.  
Judge Eastern Dist.—K. E. FERGUSON.  
Judge Western Dist.—H. CONWAY.  
Sheriff—JAMES S. HOPKINS.  
Collector—MICHAEL DOHERTY.  
Treasurer—JOSEPH S. HUGHES.  
County Attorney—W. D. STEELE.  
Coroner—EMIL MEHL.  
Surveyor—T. O. STANLEY.  
Assessor—J. M. LOGAN.  
Administrator—J. R. CLOFTON.  
Constable—W. D. WALLACE.

### WEATHER REPORT

For the 24 Hours Ending 3 o'clock, This Afternoon by C. G. Taylor.

Wind	Cloudiness in tenths.	Temperature in tenths.	Precipitation in inches.
SE	10	Max. 55.5 Min. 45.5	0.47

Barometer 29.41.

### Indications.

### PUBLIC SPEAKING.

The Democratic County Candidates Will Address the Voters.

The democratic candidates for county offices will meet the voters of Pettis county at the following times and places:

—Lon Durely's, Hughesville township, Thursday, Oct. 20th.  
—Smithton, Friday, Oct. 21st.  
—Bahner, Saturday, Oct. 22.  
In each instance speaking will begin at 7:30.

### A Cholera Scare.

A reported outbreak of cholera at Helmetta, N. J., created much excitement in that vicinity. Investigation shows that the disease was not cholera but a violent dysentery, which is almost as severe and dangerous as cholera. Mr. Walter Willard, a prominent merchant of Jamesburg, two miles from Helmetta, says Chamberlain's colic, cholera and diarrhoea remedy has given great satisfaction in the most severe cases of dysentery. It is certainly one of the best things ever made. For sale by Aug. Fleischmann, Druggist.

### For Sale.

A car load of fine yearling mules consigned to us for sale, and at prices to suit the times. Farmers will do well to come and see them.

### HINSDALE & MENEFFEE.

Sedalia, Mo.

Wines and liquors, 112 Osage, Frank Krueger.

Old papers for sale at this office only 10 cents per hundred.

### "Round Oak"

Stoves at HOFFMAN BROS.

Read the EVENING DEMOCRAT—a live, local paper.

### Too Much of a Risk.

It is not unusual for colds contracted in the fall to hang on all winter. In such cases catarrh or chronic bronchitis are almost sure to result. A fifty cent bottle of Chamberlain's cough remedy will cure any cold. Can you afford to risk so much for so small an amount? This remedy is intended especially for bad colds and croup and can always be depended upon. For sale by Aug. Fleischmann.

When in St. Louis, stop at Hotel Barnum, Cor. Sixth and Washington Ave.

### Fine, Juicy Oysters.

Fresh oysters, the first or the season, served in all styles at Sichert's cafe. Also for sale by the can.

### "Radiant Home"

base burners at Hoffman Bros.

Liquor for family use, Frank Krueger, 112 Osage street.

Ripans Tablets cure hives.

Old papers for sale at this office 10 cents per hundred.

### COULD FURNISH A PALACE.

So Magnificent is the Stock of a Prominent Sedalia Business House.

It is seldom that a writer has so agreeable a task as that of describing the great queensware and glassware house of D. I. Holcomb. So inexhaustive and complete in every detail is the stock and appointments of his store that one could write a book and then fail to describe all the things worth to be seen.

His business in its entirety is 307 feet long and has a fronting on both Main and Second streets, the upper floors being continuously connected by a large archway. This arrangement gives the immense space of 27,400 square feet of flooring.

The Main street floor, No. 113, is filled mostly with house furnishings, goods, such as willow ware, baskets, tables, baby buggies, chairs, etc. The wooden ware is extensive, and includes everything that could possibly be needed in a household. The novelties in this department are so numerous that nothing short of a visit will give one an adequate idea of it.

It is to the store, No. 114 West Second street, that one turns with more than ordinary interest. Are you a lover of art? Do you admire the most exquisite perfection of color, shape and execution? If you are, a visit to this department will well repay you. The collection of cut glass, decorated china, strong, bisque figures, etc., has never been equaled before in Sedalia. There are over 200 different designs of hanging lamps, all of them beautiful and highly ornamental.

As the winter nights come on, nothing can add more to the cheerfulness of the fireside than a good lamp. The piano, students' and banquet lamps are of the latest designs. The silverware and table cutlery is of the finest quality and is sold at inviting prices. Over 100 styles of dinner sets, containing from 10 to 125 pieces, afford an easy selection. Mr. Holcomb and his clerks are always ready and glad to show you through the store and you should not fail to call.

### PERSONAL.

S. S. Hyatt, of Quincy, is registered at Kaisers.

The "Turkish Bath" company is stopping at Kaisers.

J. L. Walton, of the Kansas City Times, is at Sichert's.

Col. John Sobieski left this morning for Lincoln on the narrow gauge, where he will speak tonight. His next date is Dexter, Mo.

Jim Hansberger, after a dangerous attack of typhoid fever, is able to drive around the city. His many friends are glad to see him so much improved.

Judge Ferguson left this afternoon for Lamonte to visit his daughter, who is going to school there. He will return to-morrow forenoon.

Mrs. F. K. Trullinger is in the city visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. G. B. Murray on East Fifth street, and transacting business relative to her late husband's estate.

Col. Van B. Wisker, of Green Ridge, attended the Sobieski speaking and returned home this morning. He is much elated over the improvements at Green Ridge, particularly the 100 barrel per day mill.

E. B. Weigle, formerly in the "Katy" secret service under Capt. Kinney, is in the city to-day. He is not hunting anybody at present and is enjoyed a desired recreation.

When ready to resume work, Mr. Weigle has a good position at hand.

Mr. Geo. B. Murray, the contractor and builder of East Fifth street returned from Kansas City yesterday, where he had been under the care of physicians for several weeks, much improved in health, but it will be some time before he is able to engage in active business.

Rev. E. K. Porter is quite sick at his home near Beaman, his many friends hope that it will not be serious and that he may be able to be out again soon. "Uncle Ed" is familiarly known throughout this and adjoining counties as a local preacher of the M. E. church, South.

Rev. A. R. Farris, of Marshall, former pastor of the M. E. church, South, of this city, came in last evening and conducted the service at prayer meeting last evening, to the delight of those of his many friends who were present. He has a warm place in the hearts of the people of Sedalia of all denominations and he is always welcome whenever he can make it convenient to make a visit in the Queen City.

### A Morning Marriage

At the residence of Col. Henry Strother, corner Park avenue and Third street, Miss Emma Shelton, his niece, was happily married at 11:30 this morning to Mr. Thomas H. Zimmerman, a prominent young

farmer, living near Marshall. Rev. Farris, now of Marshall performed the ceremony.

The young couple left at noon for a week's visit in St. Louis.

The DEMOCRAT extends its best congratulations.

The bride's father Martin Shelton, Wm. Shelton, her brother, and her sister, Miss Minnie, of Marshall, were in attendance.

### NO TARIFF ON CORN JUST YET.

The Mexican Government Extends the Time for Same Until February 1, 1893.

SAN ANTONIO, Tex., Oct. 19.—The traffic department of the San Antonio & Aransas Pass railway to-day received authoritative information from the City of Mexico that the date when the date on Mexican tariff on corn will again become effective has been postponed from November 4th to February 1st. The tariff was suspended last summer during the drought, for the relief of the starving poor. Since then the state and national governments have been importing corn from the United States and selling it at cost to the people or distributing it gratis where the people were too poor to pay for it.

The rush of corn into Mexico to fill this demand and the orders of speculators has blockaded the roads entering the republic at Eagle Pass, Laredo and El Paso, 7,000,000 bushels having entered the country through these points during the last four weeks. The further suspension of the tariff is made necessary by the distressed condition of the poor in many parts of Mexico.

### THE SUIT OF JAMES SCULLIN.

He Asks for \$39,982.34 Alleged to Be Due Him for Salary.

The resignation of James Scullin from the position of superintendent of the Union Depot Railway Co., October 8, says the St. Louis Republic, has been followed, on his part, by the institution of a suit against the company in the circuit court for \$39,982.34 back salary. Mr. Scullin alleges that he was employed by the railroad at \$5,000 per year on November 1, 1880, and served until Oct. 8, 1892. The company thus became indebted to him in the sum of \$59,982.34, of which he has received but \$28,000, leaving an indebtedness of the amount sued for. He asks judgment for that amount with interest and costs.

Mr. Scullin was formerly an M. & T. conductor and was married in Sedalia.

### Harmony—Get Together.

Myron W. Reed.

When men understand one another, they come together and stay together. There is a happy harmony. The great need of the world at all times is more light, more intelligence. The orator thinks that his thought is too high for the people. That is a mistake. There is no thought too lofty or too large for a country school house. So Paul talked to all sorts and conditions—soldiers, sailors, slaves, philosophers, priests and kings. He never changed the high grade of his thought. He changed his way of putting it. In language he was all things to all men. Matthew Arnold explains that the seven centuries of trouble between England and Ireland is purely misunderstanding; the one race does not know the other—they are divided by temperament. Which England gives anything the manner of giving spoils the gift; it irritates and humiliates. The hearts of men must come to sympathy.

### An Error.

The Republic of yesterday had a picture of General Manager George Smith, of the Missouri Pacific, in its railroad column. The word "removal" after his name caused many at first to think that he had been discharged, but the article said nothing to support it. The matter is explained to-day as one of those singular typographical errors that occasionally drive editors mad or cause them to commit justifiable homicide.

### Nancy Hanks Will Be Here.

But I am already here with the largest stock of all kinds of coal, wood, corn, oats, hay and mill feed in the city. I have everything in car load lots and can fill your orders, either large or small, on short notice. Office and yard, 218, 220 and 222 Osage street. Your patronage solicited. Telephone, 115.

R. H. HARRIS, Proprietor.

### Sent to Jail.

George Parfrey, a "vag," was fined \$20 in Justice Fisher's court and sent to jail.

### On the Sick List.

Baggage-master John Wright at the union depot, is sick to-day and is staying at home.

Grand concert and ball at Harmonie hall to-morrow evening.

### AN ORDINANCE.

AN ORDINANCE PROVIDING FOR the paving of Third street from the west line of Lamine avenue east to the east line of Hancock avenue.

Be it ordained by the council of the city of Sedalia, Missouri, as follows, to-wit:

Section 1. That that part of Third street, in the city of Sedalia, Missouri, lying between the west line of Lamine avenue and the east line of Hancock avenue be paved forty feet in width, being twenty feet on either side of the center line of said street, except the space occupied by the tracks of the Missouri Pacific Railway company, and the tracks of the Missouri, Kansas and Texas railway company; provided that at the crossings of intersecting streets and avenues the paving shall extend to the street line or building line.

Said pavement shall be constructed out of the material and in the manner provided for in the following specifications:

### SPECIFICATIONS FOR SAID PAVEMENT:

General conditions:—The work herein specified includes all labor and material necessary to the complete and entire paving of the above named street.

Upon all questions concerning the execution of the work done, in accordance with these specifications, and the measurement thereof, the decision of the city engineer shall be final.

The city engineer shall have the right to discharge careless or incompetent workmen.

It is expressly agreed and understood that the entire improvement shall be done in a thorough and workmanlike manner and to the entire satisfaction of the city council, and when done the work shall be complete in every respect.

All material will be carefully inspected after it is brought on the line of work, and all material which in quality and dimensions does not conform strictly to these specifications shall be rejected, and that immediately be removed from the line of the work. If at any time during the progress of the work any rejected or inferior material should be found in the street, or any portion of the work found improperly done, such material and work shall be removed and replaced by proper material and work at the expense of the contractor.

Notice of any imperfection of work, or inferiority of material, to any foreman or agent in charge of any portion of the work, in the absence of the contractor, shall be considered a notice to the contractor.

The contractor will be required to remove, at his own expense, all obstructions, such as trees, stumps, etc.

The contractor shall remove all material and debris from the street as soon and as fast as completed. The contractor will be required to remove all sidewalks in the line of said improvement in a careful manner, and preserve and replace the same at his own expense.

All loss or damage arising out of the nature of the work to be done, or from any unforeseen or unusual obstruction or difficulties which may be encountered in the prosecution of the same, shall be sustained by the contractor.

It is hereby expressly agreed and understood, that on refusal or failure, on the part of the contractor, his agent or employees, to comply with any portion of these specifications, the city reserves the right to employ sufficient help to have the required work done, and deduct the expense of the same from any money that may be due, or that may thereafter become due the contractor.

The contractor shall maintain red lights at night time at all holes or other dangerous places on said street and shall keep all dangerous places on said street at all times barricaded and protected.

The contractor will be held responsible for all damage done to water, gas or drain pipes.

The grading must be fully completed at least one block in advance of the paving.

Whenever there is a difference in levels between opposite curbs, the depth of the gutter shall be increased or decreased within a range of twelve inches as the engineer directs.

The interpretation of these specifications, the decision of the city engineer shall be final as to the material used and labor performed.

The earth road bed on which the pavement is to rest shall be excavated to the depth of eight inches below the top surface of the finished pavement. Any objectionable or unsuitable material below the bed shall be removed and the space filled with gravel or sand well rammed or rolled with a heavy roller. The graded surface will be trimmed carefully so as to be parallel to the surface of the pavement when completed, and the entire road bed shall then be thoroughly rolled with a heavy roller.

### CONCRETE BASE.

Upon this surface will then be laid a bed of hydraulic cement concrete six inches thick, to be made as follows:

One measure of hydraulic cement and two of clean, sharp sand, free from clay or loam, shall be thoroughly mixed dry and then made into a mortar with the least possible amount of water: broken stones of acceptable dimensions and character, cleaned from dirt, dredged with water, but having no loose water in the heap, will be incorporated immediately with the mortar in such quantities as will give a surplus of mortar when rammed. These proportions will be about one part of cement, two of sand and one of broken stone and will be regulated by measure and when ascertained will be rigidly adhered to. Each batch of concrete will be thoroughly mixed, the mixing being continued on the board until each piece of stone is completely covered with mortar; it will then be spread in such quantity as will give a thickness of six inches when rammed, and it will be compacted by tamping until free mortar appears. The surface of the concrete, after operation of mixing and laying each batch, will be performed as expeditiously as possible, with the use of a sufficient number of men. No gravel will be used in the concrete, only angular fragments of stone having rough faces obtained by fracture, and measuring from one and one half inches in their largest dimensions.

The upper surface of the base will be made even and true, and the surface of the pavement to be laid, and will be left rough for the purpose of preventing the asphalt cushion from sliding or shifting under the traffic. The hydraulic cement used in the preparation of this concrete must be best quality of fresh ground Port Cement, or other material equally as good, and samples from each car load, or more frequently, must be furnished the city engineer for test, whenever desired. If any cement is found of inferior quality and is rejected it shall be once removed from the street.

WEARING SURFACE.—The wearing surface will be laid in two coats of one inch each making a combined thickness of two inches after receiving the ultimate compaction. The first or cushion coat, will be composed of asphalt cement and sand which may or may not contain a fine gravel below the size of a No. 20 sieve, and will be compacted by the use of the mass. The proportions of these ingredients will be approximately, asphalt cement,

ten per cent, by weight and sand ninety per cent.

The second or surface coat shall be composed of asphalt cement, fine sand and fine carborate of lime. The proportions will be approximately by weight as follows:

Asphalt cement	13 to 15
Fine sand	20 to 25
Line Dust Carborate	7 to 10

The exact proportion of materials used will depend upon their character and will be determined by the city engineer.

The method of preparation of the pavement mixture and laying the same will be in such terms as follows: The sand and asphalt cement will be heated separately to about 275 to 300 degrees F.

The line carborate of lime while cold shall be mixed with the hot sand in the hot asphalt and then the mixture will be thoroughly mixed and then the mixture will be laid to the street in such proportions and then mix with the required half cement in a suitable apparatus so as to form a uniform and homogeneous mixture. This mixture will be laid to the street while hot and be quickly and carefully rolled by means of a heavy roller, in such manner as to give a uniform and true surface, and to such depth that after receiving the full and final compaction the combined thickness of the two coats shall be two inches. The surface will then be compressed by hand rollers, after which a small amount of hydraulic cement will be swept over it and it will then be thoroughly compressed by rolling with a steam roller weighing not less than five tons, the rolling being continued as long as the roller makes any impression upon the pavement.

### FLUXING OILS.

The asphalt used in the cushion coat may be softened and tempered with a heavy residuum oil which must be free from coke or excess of light oil or hard paraffin, and of a viscosity of 150 to 200 degrees F. The asphalt used in the second or surface coat will be softened and tempered with kerosene or light oil, and the quantity of oil used will be such as to secure a cement as nearly uniform as possible, neither so soft as to be run off under the summer traffic, nor so hard as to crack in the winter.

### ASPHALT.

The asphalt used throughout will be of the best quality in use for paving purposes, and must upon analysis show not less than eighty per cent of pure bitumen. Samples will be furnished to the city engineer daily, or as often as he may require it for analysis.

### STREET RAILROAD TRACKS.

Should there be a street railroad track in the street, there will be a line of vitrified paving brick of the very best quality, laid both inside and outside of the rail, alternating header and stretcher, in such manner as to form a toothing into the asphalt of four inches. These lines of paving brick will be carefully bedded in concrete, and will finish flush with the top of the adjoining pavement.

At points where the pavement is stopped, at intersection of cross streets, and at the end of the pavement, and at all intersections bound by railroad tracks and all other places the pavement shall be finished against a false oak curb; the ends of timbers must be sawed so as to make a close fitting joint. The top of timbers shall be neatly adzed off to conform to the surface of the intersecting street or adjoining surface of the ground.

### CROSS SECTION OF STREET.

The cross section of street will be at established grade of street at center and slope both ways therefrom with uniformly curved lines to eight inches below grade at curb line. At crossings of intersecting streets the street shall be paved to the street line, the finished surface to be made to slope uniformly each way along diagonal lines from grade at center of street intersection to eight inches below grade at intersection of curb lines where no square corner catch-basins, and to fifteen inches below grade at said curb intersections where there are catch-basins. The term "grade" as used in this ordinance shall be construed to mean the grade indicated by the profile of grade prepared by the city engineer and filed in his office on the 15th day of August, 1892, by order of the city council, and is by this ordinance adopted and made the legal grade of said Third street.

### MISCELLANEOUS.

A bond of the contractor, conditioned upon the full and satisfactory completion of the contract and to indemnify the property owners and the city of Sedalia from any damage that may arise on account of the negligence of the contractor in not properly guarding and barricading his work, and placing proper danger signals at dangerous places on the line of his work, and guaranteeing the payment for all labor employed, and material used, will be required of the contractor.

### GUARANTEE.

The contractor will be required to execute a bond to the city of Sedalia in the sum of four thousand dollars the conditions of which shall be to guarantee the maintenance in good order the aforesaid work for the full period of five years from the date of completion of same, to the satisfaction of the city council, and without cost for repairs to either the city or property owners, except where intentionally cut for pipe laying or other purposes, and in these cases the contractor must enter into a special contract for making repairs at a stated rate to be named by the city engineer. The contractor shall furnish and have on the line of the work, at all times, a complete and sufficient plant of tools, rollers, carts, etc., as may be determined by the city engineer to be necessary to carry on the work in an expeditious and workmanlike manner, and shall keep on hand during the period of this guarantee all necessary plans to maintain or reconstruct the pavement under the provisions of this ordinance and his contract, and shall also keep and maintain in the city of Sedalia an office where he shall be represented in person or by agent, and upon notice by the city engineer, or other proper officer, to the contractor or his agent of any fault or defect in said paving during the term of said guarantee, the contractor shall promptly repair and make good such fault or defect.

Each proposal filed as hereinafter required must be accompanied by a certified check on some Sedalia, Missouri, bank for two hundred dollars, payable to the order of the mayor of said city, which check is to be forfeited and paid to the city of Sedalia in case the party to whom the contract is awarded shall fail to give bond and enter into contract so awarded within ten days.

Any person taking any contract with the city of Sedalia for work under these specifications agrees to be paid from special tax bills made in accordance with the provisions of this ordinance, and in conformity with the provisions of the statutes, in such cases made and provided.

Section 2. The city engineer shall make an estimate of the improvements provided for in this ordinance and file said estimate in the city clerk's office, which estimate shall state the cost per square yard for paving according to the specifications of this ordinance, which estimate shall be submitted to the city council, and no contract shall be entered into for said improvements for a price exceeding such estimate, and thereafter it shall be the duty of the committee on streets and alleys to advertise, in the paper doing the city printing, for ten days, for sealed bids to pave said street as above provided for.

All bids received pursuant to the terms of this ordinance and said advertisement, shall be referred by said street and alley committee to the city council and the city council may let the contract for the paving of said street to the lowest and best bidder, provided

the amount bid does not exceed the estimate price.

The bids or proposals shall state bids per square yards for paving according to the specifications of this ordinance. The right is expressly reserved by the city of Sedalia to reject any and all bids.

Section 3. After such bid is accepted and the contract for said improvement entered into as provided for in this ordinance it shall be the duty of the city engineer to calculate the cost of paving said street, including squares and areas formed by crossings of intersecting streets hereby provided to be paved under the contract let by the city council; and this ordinance and shall also ascertain the number of feet owned by each property owner fronting thereon, and the proportion of such number of feet to the whole number of feet on the portion of the street paved, and shall return such calculation in writing to the city clerk, and it shall be the duty of the city clerk, on receipt of such calculation, and upon approval by the city council of the work done, to assess for each block separately upon all lots and pieces of ground on either side of said street, the distance so improved, and in the name of the owner, that portion of the whole cost or sum due for such work of paving which the number of feet he may own and abutting on said street may bear to the whole number of feet abutting on the portion of said street so paved, including all squares and areas formed by the crossings of intersecting streets.

Section 4. The whole amount of the cost or money necessary to pave said street, including the squares and areas formed by the crossings of intersecting streets, all as provided for in this ordinance, is hereby levied and assessed as special tax against and upon the abutting property on both sides of said Third street, between the west line of Lamine avenue and the east line of Hancock avenue, in the city of Sedalia, Pettis county, Missouri.

And when the city clerk shall have apportioned the cost of said paving among the abutting property owners, as provided for by section three of this ordinance, he shall issue and deliver to the contractor special tax bills, duly signed by the mayor and attested by the city clerk, for the cost of the construction of said work, including material. Said special tax bills shall refer to this ordinance in appropriate terms, recite the kind of work done and material furnished, describe the lot of ground or real estate on which the special tax lien rests, the name of the owner thereof and the amount for which each tract of ground and its owner is liable, and the name of contractor, and the contractor shall receive and receipt for the same in full for all claims against the city of Sedalia for any and all paving and work done and material furnished.

Section 5. Said special tax bills shall, in any action thereon, be prima facie evidence of the regularity of the proceedings for such special assessments, of the validity of the bill, of the doing of the work, and of the furnishing of the materials charged for, and of the liability of the property to the charge stated in the bill, and shall be and become a prior lien upon the property charged therewith; and may be collected of the owner of the land in the name of the city for the use of the contractor, as any other claim, and the city of Sedalia will not be liable in any manner whatever for or on account of any work done or material furnished, or the cost thereof.

All said tax bills not payable in three annual installments, as hereinafter provided for, shall bear interest after thirty days from date of issue, and the presentation of the same at the rate of eight per cent, per annum, and every such special tax bill shall be a lien against the lot of ground described in the same until the same is paid.

The total cost of the paving provided for in this ordinance, or any part of said paving, at the option of the respective property owners, may be paid in three annual payments; one-third in one year, one-third in two years, and one-third in three years from date of issue of special tax bills, each payment to bear interest at the rate of eight per cent, per annum from the date of issue to date of payment.

Provided, That the owner of any lot or parcel of ground fronting or abutting on such street or part thereof so improved shall within ten days after the letting of the contract for such work, notify the city clerk in writing, that he desires to pay for the same in three annual payments. In such case, the city clerk shall make out three special tax bills which shall be signed by the mayor and attested by